November 2017 | Fact Sheet

U.S. Global Health Budget: The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria

The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (Global Fund) is an independent, public-private, multilateral institution which finances HIV, TB, and malaria programs in low- and middle-income countries. The Global Fund receives contributions from public and private donors and in turn provides funding to countries based on country-defined proposals. The U.S. provided the Global Fund with its founding contribution in 2001 and has since been its largest single donor. U.S. contributions to the Global Fund rose significantly in the last decade, and reached a peak of $1.65 billion in FY 2014; after declining to $1.35 billion in FY 2015, U.S. funding for the Global Fund has since remained flat. Congress places a number of restrictions on U.S. contributions to the Global Fund, including total U.S. contributions must not exceed 33% of total contributions from all donors. In FY 2017, the Global Fund accounted for the second largest share of U.S. funding for global health (13%). The President’s FY18 request includes $1.1 billion for the Global Fund in FY 2018, a cut of $225 million (-17%) below the FY 2017 level.

U.S. FUNDING FOR THE GLOBAL FUND: FIGURES

U.S. FUNDING FOR THE GLOBAL FUND: TABLE

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<tbody>
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<td>State Global Health Programs (GHP)</td>
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<td>Subtotal</td>
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Share of U.S. Global Health Funding:
- Total: 10%
- TB/Leprosy: 17%
- Malaria: 13%
- Tuberculosis and Malaria: 33%
- Nutrition: 1%
- MCH: 12%
- FP/RH: 6%
- Other: 4%
- Vulnerable Children <1%
- NTDs <1%
- Total = $10.7 billion

NOTES: Totals include base and supplemental funding. FY13 includes the effects of sequestration. FY17 is based on funding provided in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017 (P.L. 115-31). Funding for the Global Fund was based on funding provided in the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (P.L. 114-113). The President’s FY18 budget includes $1.1 billion for the Global Fund, a cut of $225 million (-17%) below the FY 2017 level. Congress places a number of restrictions on U.S. contributions to the Global Fund, including total U.S. contributions must not exceed 33% of total contributions from all donors. In FY 2017, the Global Fund accounted for the second largest share of U.S. funding for global health (13%). The President’s FY18 request includes $1.1 billion for the Global Fund in FY 2018, a cut of $225 million (-17%) below the FY 2017 level.