

Appendix A: State-Level Survey Results

Table A1: Medicaid Reimbursement for LARCs Post Labor and Delivery

States	Hospital Reimbursement				Other Provider Reimbursement			
	Device (n=41)		Insertion (n=41)		Device (n=39)		Insertion (n=40)	
	Global (21)	Separate (17)	Global (27)	Separate (11)	Global (10)	Separate (26)	Global (8)	Separate (29)
Alabama	✓			✓		✓		✓
Alaska	✓		✓			✓		✓
Arizona								
Arkansas	✓		✓			✓		✓
California		✓		✓		✓		✓
Colorado	✓		✓		✓		✓	
Connecticut	✓		✓			✓		✓
Delaware		✓	✓				✓	
District of Columbia								
Georgia		✓	✓		✓			✓
Hawaii	✓		✓		✓		✓	
Idaho		✓		✓		✓		✓
Illinois		✓	✓			✓		✓
Indiana		✓	✓			✓	✓	
Iowa		✓		✓		✓		✓
Kentucky		✓	✓			✓		✓
Maine	✓		✓			✓		✓
Maryland		✓	✓					
Massachusetts	✓		✓			✓		✓
Michigan	✓		✓		✓			✓
Minnesota	✓		✓		✓		✓	
Mississippi	✓		✓		✓		✓	
Missouri	✓		✓			✓		✓
Montana		✓		✓		✓		✓
Nebraska		✓		✓		✓		✓
Nevada	✓		✓		✓		✓	
New Hampshire	✓		✓			✓		✓
New Mexico		✓	✓			✓		✓
New York		✓	✓			✓		✓
North Carolina								
Ohio	✓		✓		✓			✓
Oklahoma		✓		✓		✓		✓
Oregon	✓			✓		✓		✓
South Carolina		✓	✓			✓		✓
Tennessee	✓		✓			✓		✓
Texas	✓			✓		✓		✓
Vermont	✓		✓		✓		✓	
Virginia	✓		✓		✓			✓
Washington		✓	✓			✓		✓
West Virginia	✓			✓		✓		✓
Wyoming		✓		✓		✓		✓

NOTES: Maryland did not provide a response for reimbursing other providers; Delaware did not provide a response for reimbursing other providers for the device. Arizona and DC noted that they do not currently have a mechanism for reimbursing providers for LARCs immediately post labor and delivery. North Carolina noted that many hospitals and physicians choose not to provide the service/device following labor and delivery.

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A2: Daily Oral Contraceptives: 12-month Supply, Utilization Controls

States	12-Month Supply? (n=41) Yes (✓) = 11 No = 30	Utilization Controls? Yes (✓) = 7 No = 4	Other Controls/Comments Reported
Alabama	✓	✓ — Plan First (Family Planning Program) recipients seeing providers at a Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) or the health department may have a 12-month supply of contraceptives dispensed at one time.	
Alaska	No		
Arizona	No		
Arkansas	No		Gender and quantity edits (amount not specified)
California	✓	✓ — On-Site Dispensing Only	3 month supply if dispensed by a pharmacy and 12 months if dispensed by a clinic. FPACT allows 13 month supply. Treatment authorization required for extended use oral contraceptives only. For FPACT enrollees, extended use oral contraceptives only dispensed by pharmacies.
Colorado	No		Limited to a 6 month supply
Connecticut	No		
Delaware	No		
District of Columbia	No		
Georgia	No		Available as a pharmacy benefit
Hawaii	No		
Idaho	No		
Illinois	No		3 month limit per visit
Indiana	✓	No	
Iowa	No		
Kentucky	No		
Maine	No		
Maryland	No		
Massachusetts	No		
Michigan	No		Pharmacy benefit limits dispensing of 3 month supply
Minnesota	No		3 month supply per prescription
Mississippi	✓	✓ — When issued by the Mississippi Department of Health	Included on PDL and may be dispensed in 3 month supplies.
Missouri	✓	No	
Montana	No		
Nebraska	No		
Nevada	No		
New Hampshire	No		Cover 3 months supply at one time
New Mexico	✓	No	
New York	No		State follows manufacturers' recommendations
North Carolina	No		
Ohio	No		
Oklahoma	No		

Table A2: Daily Oral Contraceptives: 12-month Supply, Utilization Controls

States	12-Month Supply? (n=41) Yes (✓) = 11 No = 30	Utilization Controls? Yes (✓) = 7 No = 4	Other Controls/Comments Reported
Oregon	✓	✓ — The state's family planning waiver does cover the provision of a 12 month supply of all contraceptives (pill, patch, ring) at one time.	
South Carolina	✓	✓ — 12 month supply only available through Title V clinics	
Tennessee	No		Provided based on medical necessity
Texas	✓	✓ — Only family planning agencies may be reimbursed for dispensing up to a 1-year supply of contraceptives in a 12-month period.	Covered as a medical benefit if dispensed by a family planning agency only or as a pharmacy benefit
Vermont	No		Some non-preferred drugs require a prior authorization, with a trial of a preferred brand
Virginia	✓	✓ — Only covered as medical benefit and not through the fee-for-service pharmacy benefit	
Washington	✓	No	
West Virginia	No		
Wyoming	No		A 3 months supply at a time is allowed

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A3: Coverage of Emergency Contraceptives by Program

States	Ella (Prescription)		Plan B (OTC)		
	Traditional Medicaid	Family Planning	Traditional Medicaid	ACA Expansion	Family Planning
	(n=41) Yes = 38 No = 3	(n=23) Yes = 20 No = 3	(n=41) Yes = 35 No = 6	(n=25) Yes = 21 No = 4	(n=23) Yes = 18 No = 5
Alabama	No	No	No	n/a	No
Alaska	✓	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Arizona	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Arkansas	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
California	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Colorado	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Connecticut	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Delaware	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
District of Columbia	✓	n/a	✓	No	n/a
Georgia	✓	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Hawaii	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Idaho	No	n/a	No	n/a	n/a
Illinois	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Indiana	✓	✓	No	No	No
Iowa	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Kentucky	✓	n/a	No	No	n/a
Maine	✓	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Maryland	✓	No	✓	✓	✓
Massachusetts	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Michigan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Minnesota	✓	✓	✓	No	✓
Mississippi	✓	✓	No	n/a	No
Missouri	✓	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Montana	✓	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Nebraska	✓	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Nevada	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
New Hampshire	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
New Mexico	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
New York	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
North Carolina	✓	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Ohio*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Oklahoma	✓	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Oregon	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
South Carolina	No	No	No	n/a	No
Tennessee	✓	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Texas	✓	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Vermont	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Virginia	✓	✓	✓		✓
Washington	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
West Virginia	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Wyoming	✓	✓	✓	n/a	No

Note: n/a indicates “not applicable.”

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A4: Coverage of and Utilization Controls for Emergency Contraceptives

States	Ella (Prescription)		Plan B (OTC)		
	Covered? (n=41) Yes (✓) = 38 No = 3	Utilization Controls and Other Limits	Covered? (n = 41) Yes (✓) = 35 No = 6	Prescription Required? Yes (✓) = 27	Other Limitations and Comments Reported
Alabama	No		No		
Alaska	✓		✓	✓	
Arizona	✓		✓	✓	
Arkansas	✓	Gender, Quantity limits (amount not specified)	✓	✓ ACA Coverage requires prescription	Gender, Quantity limits (amount not specified)
California	✓	Pharmacy or clinic dispensing: maximum quantity of 1 pack per dispensing, with a combined (levonorgestrel and ulipristal acetate) maximum of 6 packs in 12-month period. Reimbursable to females only.	✓	✓	Pharmacy or clinic dispensing: maximum quantity of 1 pack per dispensing, with a combined (levonorgestrel and ulipristal acetate) maximum of 6 packs in 12-month period. Reimbursable to females only.
Colorado	✓		✓	✓	
Connecticut	✓		✓	✓	Pharmacy or Clinic dispensing
Delaware	✓		✓	✓	
District of Columbia	✓		✓	✓ FFS and managed care.	Not covered in ACA Medicaid Expansion
Georgia	✓	Pharmacy benefit	✓		Covered for <age 17 only as a pharmacy benefit; Not covered for members 17 and older
Hawaii	✓		✓	✓	
Idaho	No		No		
Illinois	✓	3 dose limit per visit, specific age requires script	✓		3 dose limit per visit
Indiana	✓		No		
Iowa	✓		✓	✓	
Kentucky	✓		No		Available through Health Dept.
Maine	✓		✓	✓	Allowed 2 tabs per 30 days
Maryland	✓		✓		
Massachusetts	✓		✓	✓	
Michigan	✓		✓	✓	
Minnesota	✓	Max of 3 packs per dispensing	✓		Max of 3 packs per dispensing. Not covered in ACA Medicaid Expansion
Mississippi	✓	Included on PDL	No		
Missouri	✓		✓	✓	
Montana	✓		✓	✓	
Nebraska	✓		✓		

Table A4: Coverage of and Utilization Controls for Emergency Contraceptives

States	Ella (Prescription)		Plan B (OTC)		
	Covered? (n=41) Yes (✓) = 38 No = 3	Utilization Controls and Other Limits	Covered? (n = 41) Yes (✓) = 35 No = 6	Prescription Required? Yes (✓) = 27	Other Limitations and Comments Reported
Nevada	✓		✓	✓	
New Hampshire	✓		✓	✓	
New Mexico	✓		✓	✓	Pharmacists can prescribe
New York	✓	Up to 6 times per year	✓		Up to 6 times per year. All OTC contraceptives require a fiscal order except emergency contraceptive pills
North Carolina	✓		✓	✓	
Ohio	✓		✓	✓	
Oklahoma	✓		✓	✓	
Oregon	✓		✓		
South Carolina	No		No		Available through Health Dept.
Tennessee	✓	Provided based on medical necessity	✓	✓	Provided based on medical necessity
Texas	✓	Covered as a medical benefit if dispensed by a family planning agency only or as a pharmacy benefit	✓	✓	Available through the Vendor Drug Program as a pharmacy benefit
Vermont	✓		✓	✓	Prior authorization for Plan B brand
Virginia	✓		✓	✓	
Washington	✓ may be dispensed by a pharmacist directly to client w/o a prescription		✓ - may be dispensed by a pharmacist directly to client w/o a prescription		
West Virginia	✓		✓	✓	
Wyoming	✓		✓	✓	

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A5: Coverage of Over-the-Counter Contraceptives, by Program

States	Male Condom			Spermicide			Sponge		
	Traditional Medicaid	ACA Expansion	Family Planning	Traditional Medicaid	ACA Expansion	Family Planning	Traditional Medicaid	ACA Expansion	Family Planning
	(n=41) Yes = 27 No = 14	(n=25) Yes = 18 No = 7 N/A = 16	(n=23) Yes = 18 No = 5 N/A = 18	(n=41) Yes = 27 No = 14	(n=25) Yes = 18 No = 7 N/A = 16	(n=23) Yes = 17 No = 6 N/A = 18	(n=41) Yes = 26 No = 15	(n=25) Yes = 18 No = 7 N/A = 16	(n=23) Yes = 17 No = 6 N/A = 18
Alabama	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No
Alaska	✓	n/a	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Arizona	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Arkansas	No	✓	n/a	No	✓	n/a	No	✓	n/a
California	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Colorado	✓	✓	n/a	No	No		✓	✓	n/a
Connecticut	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	No	No	No
Delaware	No	No	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
District of Columbia	✓	No	n/a	✓	No	n/a	✓	No	n/a
Georgia	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No
Hawaii	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Idaho	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a
Illinois	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
Indiana	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Iowa	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Kentucky	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a
Maine	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a
Maryland	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Massachusetts	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Michigan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Minnesota	✓	No	✓	✓	No	✓	✓	No	✓
Mississippi	No	n/a	✓	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No
Missouri	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No
Montana	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Nebraska	✓	n/a	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a
Nevada	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a
New Hampshire	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
New Mexico	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
New York	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
North Carolina	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No
Ohio*	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Oklahoma	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Oregon	No	No	✓	No	No	✓	No	No	✓
South Carolina	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Tennessee	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a
Texas	✓	n/a	n/a	✓	n/a	n/a	No	n/a	n/a
Vermont	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a
Virginia	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓
Washington	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	✓	✓
West Virginia	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a	No	No	n/a
Wyoming	✓	n/a	No	✓	n/a	✓	✓	n/a	✓

Note: n/a indicates “not applicable.” Although the survey did not inquire about female condoms, three states noted coverage or planned coverage for this method: Colorado, Connecticut, and Mississippi. Colorado did not cover spermicide at the time of the survey, but the state planned to add coverage as of February 1, 2016. *Ohio Family Planning SPA terminated 12/31/2015. Individuals now receive those services under traditional Medicaid, in addition to qualifying for full scope Medicaid.

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A6: Coverage of and Controls for Over-the-Counter (OTC) Contraceptives

States	Covered in any eligibility pathway?			Prescription or Other Document Required? Yes = 23	On Preferred Drug List (PDL)? Yes = 6	On State Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) Program? Yes = 4	Comments
	Male Condoms (n=41) Yes = 30 No = 11	Spermicide (n=41) Yes = 29 No = 12	Sponges (n=41) Yes = 28 No = 13				
Alabama	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Alaska	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Arizona	✓	✓	✓	✓			ACA coverage requires a prescription
Arkansas	✓	✓	✓	✓			
California	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Colorado	✓	No	✓	✓			
Connecticut	✓	✓	No	✓			
Delaware	No	✓	✓	✓	✓		
District of Columbia	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Georgia	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	OTC contraceptives are not separately covered but may be available from the FP provider at the time of the FP visit.
Hawaii	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Idaho	No	No	No				
Illinois	✓	✓	✓				
Indiana	✓	✓	✓				
Iowa	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Kentucky	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	May be provided in the preventive health program through local health departments
Maine	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Maryland	✓	✓	✓				
Massachusetts	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Michigan	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	Prescription required for spermicide and sponges but not condoms.
Minnesota	✓	✓	✓				
Mississippi	✓	No	No				Male and female condoms are reimbursable for waiver beneficiaries on a medical claim.
Missouri	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Montana	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Nebraska	✓	✓	✓				
Nevada	✓	✓	✓	✓			
New Hampshire	✓	✓	✓	✓			
New Mexico	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

Table A6: Coverage of and Controls for Over-the-Counter (OTC) Contraceptives

States	Covered in any eligibility pathway?			Prescription or Other Document Required? Yes = 23	On Preferred Drug List (PDL)? Yes = 6	On State Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) Program? Yes = 4	Comments
	Male Condoms (n=41) Yes = 30 No = 11	Spermicide (n=41) Yes = 29 No = 12	Sponges (n=41) Yes = 28 No = 13				
New York	✓	✓	✓	✓			All OTC contraceptives except EC pills require a fiscal order (which contains same information that is on a prescription)
North Carolina	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	Do not generally cover most OTC contraceptive supplies with the exception of Plan B
Ohio	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Oklahoma	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Oregon	✓	✓	✓				
South Carolina	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Tennessee	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Texas	✓	✓	No				FP drugs and supplies that are dispensed directly to the client must be billed to the fee-for-service claims administrator. Only FP agencies may be reimbursed for dispensing family planning drugs and supplies *through the fee-for-service claims administrator.
Vermont	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Virginia	✓	✓	✓	✓			All are offered as a medical benefit
Washington	✓	✓	✓	✓			
West Virginia	No	No	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Wyoming	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		Male condoms not covered in the Family Planning Waiver

Note: n/a indicates “not applicable.” Blank cell means response was not provided. Colorado did not cover spermicide at the time of the survey, but the state planned to add coverage as of February 1, 2016. A “Preferred Drug List” (PDL) is a tool used by state Medicaid programs to promote prescribing and utilization of “preferred drugs.” Manufacturers may pay supplemental rebates to states to ensure their products are preferred and therefore not subject to prior authorization. State Maximum Allowable Cost (MAC) programs are used to calculate lower, market-based prices for certain multi-source drugs.
 SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A7: Coverage of Fertility Testing for Women, by Program

States with coverage in at least one program	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 9	ACA Medicaid Expansion (n=25) Yes = 6	Family Planning Waiver or SPA (n=23) Yes = 3	Limits or Utilization Control
Alabama	✓	n/a		
Arkansas	✓	✓	n/a	ACA coverage exists if provided by in-network providers.
Connecticut	✓	✓		
Hawaii	✓	✓	n/a	
Maryland	✓	✓	✓	Fertility services are not covered however some diagnostic services may be covered.
Massachusetts	✓	✓	n/a	
Michigan	✓	✓		
Minnesota	✓		✓	
Nebraska	✓	n/a	n/a	Coverage of infertility limited to diagnosis and treatment of medical conditions when infertility is a symptom of a suspected medical problem. Coverage not available when the sole purpose of the service is achieving a pregnancy.
Oklahoma		n/a	✓	Cover diagnostic testing for women.

NOTE: n/a indicates not applicable. Blank cell means response was not provided.

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits.

Table A8 Coverage of Fertility Testing for Men, by Program

States with coverage in at least one program	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 9	ACA Medicaid Expansion (n=24) Yes = 6	Family Planning Waiver or SPA (n=22) Yes = 3	Limits or Utilization Control
Alabama	✓	n/a	✓	In Family Planning Waiver, testing for vasectomies only
Arkansas	✓	✓	n/a	ACA coverage exists if provided by in-network providers.
Connecticut	✓	✓		
Hawaii	✓	✓	n/a	
Maryland	✓	✓	✓	Fertility services are not covered however some diagnostic services may be covered.
Massachusetts	✓	✓	n/a	
Michigan	✓	✓		
Minnesota	✓		✓	
Nebraska	✓	n/a	n/a	Not allowed for fertility testing

NOTE: n/a indicates not applicable. Blank cell means response was not provided.

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits

Table A9: Coverage of Breast Cancer Screening and Preventive

States	Genetic (BRCA) and Counseling for High-Risk Women				Breast Cancer Preventive Medication for High-Risk Women			
	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 37 No = 4	Family Planning Waiver/ SPA (n= 23) Yes = 6 No = 17	Utilization Controls	Other	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 36 No = 5	Family Planning Waiver/ SPA (n= 23) Yes = 6 No = 17	Utilization Controls	Other
Alabama	No	No			✓	No		
Alaska	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Arizona	✓	n/a		Traditional Medicaid, covered if determined to be medically necessary.	✓	n/a		Traditional Medicaid, covered if determined to be medically necessary.
Arkansas	✓	n/a		Coverage based on a diagnosis that shows medical necessity.	✓	n/a		Coverage based on a diagnosis that shows medical necessity.
California	✓	No		For TM: Cancer screening is based upon USPSTF; follow-up is provided as medically necessary.	✓	No		For TM: Cancer screening is based upon USPSTF; follow-up is provided as medically necessary.
Colorado	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Connecticut	✓	No			✓	No		
Delaware	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
District of Columbia	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Georgia	✓	No			✓	No		
Hawaii	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Idaho	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Illinois	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Indiana	✓	No			✓	No		
Iowa	✓	✓			✓	✓		
Kentucky	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Maine	No	n/a			No	n/a		
Maryland	✓	✓			✓	No		TM: When medically necessary.
Massachusetts	✓	n/a			✓	n/a		
Michigan	✓	No	Consideration through prior authorization process		✓	No	Consideration through prior authorization process	
Minnesota	✓	✓			✓	✓		
Mississippi	✓	No			✓	No		
Missouri	✓	No			No	No		
Montana	✓	✓			✓	✓		
Nebraska	✓	n/a			No	n/a		

Table A9: Coverage of Breast Cancer Screening and Preventive

States	Genetic (BRCA) and Counseling for High-Risk Women				Breast Cancer Preventative Medication for High-Risk Women			
	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 37 No = 4	Family Planning Waiver/ SPA (n= 23) Yes = 6 No = 17	Utilization Controls	Other	Traditional Medicaid (n=41) Yes = 36 No = 5	Family Planning Waiver/ SPA (n= 23) Yes = 6 No = 17	Utilization Controls	Other
Nevada	✓	n/a	Genetic counseling must precede genetic testing for hereditary cancer.		✓	n/a		
New Hampshire	✓	✓			✓	✓		
New Mexico	✓	✓			✓	✓		
New York	✓	No		Medical necessity	✓	No		Medical necessity
North Carolina	No	No			✓	No		
Ohio	✓	No			✓	✓		
Oklahoma	✓	No			✓	No		
Oregon	✓	No			✓	No		
South Carolina	No	No			No	No		
Tennessee	✓	n/a		Provided in accordance with USPSTF recommendations	✓	n/a		Provided in accordance with USPSTF recommendations
Texas	✓	n/a	Prior authorization is required for initial BRCA testing. BRCA gene mutation analysis testing is limited to once per lifetime.		✓	n/a		
Vermont	✓	n/a	With prior authorization		✓	n/a	Preferred medication, no approvals needed	
Virginia	✓	No			✓	No		
Washington	✓	No	Requires prior authorization		✓	No		
West Virginia	✓				✓	n/a		
Wyoming	✓	No			No	No		

Note: n/a indicates “not applicable.”

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits

Table A10: Managed Care Policies

States	MCO Enrollment? (n=41)	Capitation Rates		Contract with MCOs with Conscience Exemption? (n= 31)	MCO Contracts Address Medical Mgmt. Controls (n=31)	Contract Provisions Addressing Medicaid Mgmt. Controls
		FP in Cap Rate? (n=31)	State Claims 90% FMAP for MCO Purchased FP? (n=31)			
	Yes (✓) = 31 No = 10	Yes (✓) = 31 No = 0	Yes (✓) = 25 No = 6	Yes (✓) = 4 No = 25 N/A = 2	Yes = 11 No = 19 N/A = 1	
Alabama	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Alaska	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Arizona	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	MCOs not allowed to create barriers to contraceptive utilization
Arkansas	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
California	✓	✓	✓	✓	No	
Colorado	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Connecticut	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Delaware	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	MCO required to follow state's preferred drug list, including contraceptive agents
District of Columbia	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Georgia	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Hawaii	✓	✓	No	No	No	
Idaho	✓	✓	No	No	No	
Illinois	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	Policies must not present barriers or restrictions, such as prior authorizations or step-failure therapy requirements. MCOs must cover and offer all FDA-approved birth control methods with education and counseling on the most effective methods first, specifically LARC. Enrollees have the freedom to choose the preferred method that is most appropriate for them.
Indiana	✓	✓	✓	N/A	N/A	
Iowa	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	
Kentucky	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Maine	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Maryland	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	Prior authorization and quantity limitations are permitted. MCOs required to cover all FDA- approved methods or family planning items.
Massachusetts	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	MCO contracts prohibit prior authorization requirements for contraceptives
Michigan	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Minnesota	✓	✓	No	No	✓	
Mississippi	✓	✓	No	No	No	
Missouri	✓	✓	✓	N/A	No	
Montana	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Table A10: Managed Care Policies

States	MCO Enrollment? (n=41)	Capitation Rates		Contract with MCOs with Conscience Exemption? (n= 31)	MCO Contracts Address Medical Mgmt. Controls (n=31)	Contract Provisions Addressing Medicaid Mgmt. Controls
		FP in Cap Rate? (n=31)	State Claims 90% FMAP for MCO Purchased FP? (n=31)			
	Yes (✓) = 31 No = 10	Yes (✓) = 31 No = 0	Yes (✓) = 25 No = 6	Yes (✓) = 4 No = 25 N/A = 2	Yes = 11 No = 19 N/A = 1	
Nebraska	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Nevada	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	
New Hampshire	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
New Mexico	✓	✓	✓	No	✓	MCOs required to cover all FDA- approved methods or family planning items
New York	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
North Carolina	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Ohio	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Oklahoma	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Oregon	✓	✓	✓	✓	No	
South Carolina	✓	✓	No	No	No	
Tennessee	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Texas	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	MCO contracts prohibit prior authorization requirements for contraceptives
Vermont	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Virginia	✓	✓	No	No	No	
Washington	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
West Virginia	✓	✓	✓	No	No	
Wyoming	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

NOTE: n/a indicates “not applicable.”

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation and Health Management Associates, Survey of States on Medicaid Coverage of Family Planning and Perinatal Benefits