

Table 7: Functions of Online Medicaid Applications for Children, Pregnant Women, Parents, and Expansion Adults, January 2019

State	Individuals Can Start, Stop, and Return to Application	Individuals Can Scan and Upload Documents	Online Portal for Application Assisters ¹	Application Can be Used for: Seniors and Individuals Eligible Based on Disability	At Least One Non-Health Program ²
Total	51	35	27	32	25
Alabama	Y				
Alaska	Y			Y	
Arizona	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Arkansas	Y				
California ³	Y	Y	Y		Y
Colorado	Y	Y		Y	Y
Connecticut	Y	Y			
Delaware	Y		Y	Y	Y
District of Columbia	Y	Y	Y		
Florida	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Georgia	Y	Y		Y	Y
Hawaii	Y	Y	Y		
Idaho	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Illinois	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Indiana	Y			Y	
Iowa	Y				
Kansas	Y	Y		Y	
Kentucky ⁴	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Louisiana	Y		Y	Y	
Maine	Y			Y	Y
Maryland	Y	Y			
Massachusetts	Y		Y		
Michigan	Y	Y		Y	Y
Minnesota	Y		Y		
Mississippi	Y	Y			
Missouri	Y				
Montana	Y	Y		Y	Y
Nebraska ⁵	Y	Y		Y	
Nevada ⁶	Y	Y		Y	Y
New Hampshire	Y	Y		Y	Y
New Jersey	Y		Y	Y	
New Mexico	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
New York	Y	Y	Y		
North Carolina	Y			Y	Y
North Dakota	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Ohio	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Oklahoma	Y	Y	Y		
Oregon	Y	Y	Y		
Pennsylvania	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Rhode Island	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
South Carolina	Y				
South Dakota	Y	Y			Y
Tennessee	Y	Y		Y	
Texas	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Utah	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Vermont	Y		Y		
Virginia	Y	Y		Y	Y
Washington	Y	Y	Y		
West Virginia	Y		Y	Y	Y
Wisconsin	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Wyoming	Y	Y		Y	

SOURCE: Based on a national survey conducted by KFF with the Georgetown University Center for Children and Families, 2019.

Table presents rules in effect as of January 1, 2019.

Table 7 Notes

1. This column indicates whether the Medicaid eligibility system provides either a separate online portal for application assisters or a secure log-in for assisters to submit facilitated applications. Some states are able to identify and collect information about assister-facilitated applications although they do not have a separate portal or secure log-in for assisters to submit facilitated applications.
2. In these states, a combined online multi-benefit application is available that allows applicants to apply for Medicaid and one or more non-health programs, such as the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP; food stamps) or cash assistance.
3. In California, a multi-benefit application is submitted at the county level, not through the integrated application and Marketplace system CALHEERS.
4. Kentucky added eligibility for child care assistance into its integrated eligibility system in 2018.
5. In Nebraska, applicants can return to and complete an application for 30 days only.
6. In Nevada, child care assistance was added to the multi-benefit online application in 2018, but the data is transferred to the child care unit to determine eligibility.