

Table A: Trends in State Medicaid and CHIP Eligibility Policies, July 2000-January 2021 ¹																					
	Program	July 2000	Jan 2002	April 2003	July 2004	July 2005	July 2006	Jan 2008	Jan 2009	Dec 2009	Jan 2011	Jan 2012	Jan 2013	Jan 2015	Jan 2016	Jan 2017	Jan 2018	Jan 2019	Jan 2020	Jan 2021	
ELIGIBILITY																					
Cover children >200% FPL	N/A	36	40	39	39	41	41	45	44	47	47	47	47	48	48	49	49	49	49	49	
Cover children >300% FPL	N/A	5	6	6	6	6	8	9	10	16	16	17	17	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
Cover lawfully-residing immigrant children without five-year wait	Medicaid	Option Not Available									17	21	24	25	28	29	31	33	34	35	35
	CHIP	Option Not Available														19	21	22	23	24	24
Cover pregnant women >200% FPL	N/A	NC		17	16	17	17	20	21	24	25	25	25	33	33	34	34	34	35	35	
Cover lawfully-residing immigrant pregnant women without five-year wait	Medicaid	Option Not Available									14	17	18	20	23	23	23	25	25	25	25
	CHIP	Option Not Available														4	3	3	3	4	4
Cover parents ≥100% FPL ²	N/A	NC	20	16	17	17	16	18	18	17	18	18	18	31	34	35	34	35	37	38	
Cover other adults ^{2,3}	N/A	NC									7	8	25	29	32	33	33	35	37	37	

SOURCES: Based on a national survey conducted by the Kaiser Family Foundation with the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 1997-2009; and with the Georgetown University Center for Children and Families, 2011-2021.

NC indicates that data were not collected for the period. South Carolina did not report some data for January 2020.

1. The numbers in this table reflect the net change in actions taken by states from year to year. Specific strategies may be adopted and retracted by several states during a given year.

2. These counts do not include states that may have provided coverage above the levels shown using state-only funding or provide a more limited benefit package.

3. This count includes Wisconsin's coverage of adults to 100% FPL.